GUTHRIE COUNTY HOSPITAL

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

YEARS ENDED JUNE 30, 2015 AND 2014

GUTHRIE COUNTY HOSPITAL

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GUTHRIE COUNTY HOSPITAL Officials June 30, 2015

Board of Trustees:	Address	Term Expires
Roberta Simmons, Chairperson	Panora, Iowa	2018
Chris Schafer, Vice-Chairperson	Adair, Iowa	2016
Peg Shroyer, Secretary	Panora, Iowa	2020
Jim Robson, Treasurer	Guthrie Center, Iowa	2018
Mary Sheeder	Guthrie Center, Iowa	2016
Gene Newell	Guthrie Center, Iowa	2016
Ryan Ketelsen	Panora, Iowa	2020
<u>Chief Executive Officer:</u> Patrick Peters	Dexter, Iowa	
Chief Financial Officer:		
Melinda Alt	Audubon, Iowa	

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MARK D. KYHNN DAVID L. HANNASCH KENNETH P. TEGELS CHRISTOPHER J. NELSON DAVID A. GINTHER

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Trustees Guthrie County Hospital Guthrie Center, Iowa

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying statements of net position of Guthrie County Hospital as of June 30, 2015 and 2014 and the related statements of revenues, expenses and changes in net position, and cash flows for the years then ended, and related notes to the financial statements.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal controls relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatements, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Hospital's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Hospital's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

To the Board of Trustees Guthrie County Hospital

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Bases for Qualified Opinion

The financial statements do not include an estimate of an Other Post Employment Benefits (OPEB) liability for an implicit health insurance premium rate subsidy resulting from the legal requirement to allow employees retiring after age 55 to remain on the Hospital's healthcare plan until age 65. Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that any material liability resulting from this OPEB requirement be included in the financial statements (Note J).

The financial statements do not include financial data for the Hospital's legally separate component unit, Guthrie County Hospital Foundation. Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require the financial data for the component unit to be reported with the financial data of the Hospital unless the Hospital also issues financial statements for the financial reporting entity that include the financial data for its component unit. The Hospital has not issued such reporting entity financial statements (Notes A and I).

Qualified Opinion

In our opinion, except for the effect of not including an estimated OPEB liability for the implicit health insurance premium rate subsidy and the effect of omitting the discretely presented component unit, as discussed in the previous section, the financial statements referred to above present fairly in all material respects, the financial position of Guthrie County Hospital as of June 30, 2015 and 2014 and the results of its operations, changes in financial position, and cash flows for the years then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of a Matter

As discussed in Note H to the financial statements, Guthrie County Hospital adopted new accounting guidance related to Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions - an Amendment to GASB Statement No. 27. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require Management's Discussion and Analysis, the Budgetary Comparison Information, and the Schedules of the Hospital's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability and of Hospital Contributions (and the related notes) on pages 3 through 3g and on pages 26 through 30 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board which considers it to be an essential part of the financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the required supplementary information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

To the Board of Trustees Guthrie County Hospital

Supplementary Information

Our audits were conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements that collectively comprise Guthrie County Hospital's basic financial statements. We previously audited, in accordance with the standards referred to in the third paragraph of this report, the financial statements for the three years ended June 30, 2013 (which are not presented herein) and expressed a qualified opinion for June 30, 2013, and unmodified opinions for June 30, 2012 and 2011. The supplementary information on pages 1 and 31 through 46 is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in our audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

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In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated September 23, 2015 on our consideration of Guthrie County Hospital's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, and contracts. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards and important for assessing the results of our audit.

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GUTHRIE COUNTY HOSPITAL Management's Discussion and Analysis

Our discussion and analysis of Guthrie County Hospital's financial performance provides an overview of the Hospital's financial activity for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2015 and 2014. We encourage readers to consider it in conjunction with the Hospital's financial statements, which follow.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

The Hospital's total assets and deferred outflows of resources increased approximately \$1,180,000 during fiscal year 2015. Net position, or total assets and deferred outflows of resources net of total liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, decreased by approximately \$4,461,000 during fiscal 2015, a decrease of approximately 42.4 percent. See 3a for explanation of July 1, 2014 decrease.

The Hospital reported operating revenues for the year of \$13.4 million, an increase of approximately \$505,000 or 3.9 percent. Net revenues, or revenues after all expenditures, for 2015 were \$376,000, an increase of \$655,000 from 2014.

The Hospital reported expenditures for the year of \$14.6 million, a decrease of approximately \$120,000 or 0.8 percent.

USING THIS ANNUAL REPORT

The basic financial statements of the Hospital report information about the Hospital using Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) accounting principles. The Hospital's financial statements consist of three statements - a Statement of Net Position; a Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position; and a Statement of Cash Flows. These statements offer short-term and long-term financial information about its activities.

One of the most important questions asked about the Hospital's finances is, "Is the Hospital as a whole better or worse off as a result of the year's activities?" The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position report information about the Hospital's resources and its activities in a way that helps answer this question. These statements include all assets (restricted and unrestricted), all deferred outflows of resources, all liabilities and all deferred inflows of resources using the accrual basis of accounting, which is similar to the accounting used by most private-sector companies. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are taken into account regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the Hospital's net position, which is the difference between assets and deferred outflows of resources less liabilities and deferred inflows of resources as one way to measure the Hospital's financial health or financial position. Over time, increases or decreases in the Hospital's net position is one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. You will need to consider other non-financial factors, however, to assess the overall health of the Hospital. Such non-financial factors could include changes in the Hospital's patient base, measures of the quality of service it provides to the community, and local economic factors, as well as changes in the health care industry, changes in Medicare and Medicaid regulations, and changes in managed care contracting.

The final required financial statement is the Statement of Cash Flows. This statement reports cash receipts, cash payments, and net changes in cash resulting from operations, investing, and financing activities. The primary purpose of this statement is to provide information about the Hospital's cash from operations, investing, and financing activities, and to provide answers to such questions as "Where did cash come from?", "What was cash used for?", and "What was the change in cash balance during the reporting period?"

These financial statements and related notes also provide information about the activities of the Hospital, including resources held by the Hospital but restricted for specific purposes by contributors, grantors, or enabling legislation.

THE HOSPITAL'S NET POSITION

The Hospital's net position is the difference between its assets and deferred outflows of resources and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources reported in the Statement of Net Position on page 4. The following table, Table 1, presents a summary of the Hospital's Statements of Net Position.

Table 1
Condensed Statements of Net Position

Assets and Deferred Outflows of	-	2015	_	2014	-	2013
Resources: Current assets Capital assets, net Other noncurrent assets Deferred outflows of resources	\$	7,126,673 9,930,992 79,867 458,436	\$	5,376,793 10,937,540 100,856	\$	5,166,519 11,668,217 121,844
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$	17,595,968	\$	16,415,189	\$	16,956,580
Liabilities: Current liabilities Long-term debt Net pension liability Total liabilities	\$	2,910,743 2,070,588 3,608,795 8,590,126	\$	1,688,369 2,670,431 4,358,800	\$	1,877,359 3,266,354 5,143,713
Deferred Inflows of Resources		2,948,290		1,538,000		1,539,000
Net Position: Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted - expendable Unrestricted Total net position		7,256,537 241,977 1,440,962) 6,057,552		7,663,785 241,616 2,612,988 10,518,389	_	7,542,508 243,435 2,487,924 10,273,867
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and net position	\$	17,595,968	\$	16,415,189	<u>\$</u>	16,956,580

A significant component of the change in the Hospital's assets is the cash balance as payment has been received by third-party payors, that could be payable back to them.

The most significant component of the change in the Hospital's liabilities was an increase in third-party payor settlements.

The Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) required a change in the method of accounting for the Hospital's pension costs during the 2014-15 year. The requirement resulted in significant changes to: net position (\$4,843,469 decrease), long-term liabilities (\$5,375,193 increase), and created a deferred outflow of resources (\$531,724) as of July 1, 2014. See Notes H and M for an explanation of the change. Although the Hospital's financial statement reporting has changed significantly, the requirement will have no effect on the Hospital's actual operations.

OPERATING RESULTS AND CHANGES IN THE HOSPITAL'S NET POSITION

The following table, Table 2, presents a summary of the Hospital's historical revenues and expenses for each of the fiscal years ended June 30, 2015, 2014, and 2013.

Table 2
Condensed Operating Results and Changes in Net Position

	2015	2014	2013
Revenue: Net patient service revenue Other revenue Total revenue	\$ 13,251,173	\$ 12,718,690 219,760 12,938,450	\$ 12,757,643
Expenses: Salaries and benefits Professional fees Supplies, contract services, equipment & other	8,119,659 982,477	8,533,274 917,638	8,777,383 715,590
operating expenses Depreciation and amortization Total expenses	4,141,820 1,322,838 14,566,794	3,873,229 1,363,102 14,687,243	4,030,987 1,239,214 14,763,174
Operating Loss	(1,123,142)	(1,748,793)	(1,817,472)
Nonoperating Revenues and Expenses: County taxes Investment income Noncapital grants and contributions Interest expense Other nonoperating revenues and expenses, net	1,599,882 3,830 15,367 (119,875) 1,499,204	1,594,179 2,303 23,086 (142,841) (7,253) 1,469,474	1,583,731 2,705 24,475 (165,704) 4,364 1,449,571
Excess of Revenues Over Expenses (Expenses Over Revenues) Before Capital Grants and Contributions	376,062	(279,319)	(367,901)
Capital Grants and Contributions	6,570	523,841	548,941
Increase in net position	382,632	244,522	181,040
Net Position Beginning of Year	5,674,920	10,273,867	10,092,827
Net Position End of Year	\$ 6,057,552	\$ 10,518,389	\$ 10,273,867

OPERATING LOSSES/INCOME

The first component of the overall change in the Hospital's net position is its operating loss - generally, the difference between net patient service revenues and the expenses incurred to perform those services. In each of the past three years, the Hospital has reported an operating loss. This is consistent with the Hospital's entire operating history. The Hospital's operations were begun in 1951 as a county hospital, when it was agreed that a portion of its costs would be subsidized by property tax revenues, making the facility more affordable for the County's lower income residents. In the current fiscal year, the operating loss decreased, partially due to a decrease in the recorded pension liability.

Management's goal in 2015, was to continue the effort to increase the volume of patients treated while positioning the Hospital and clinics to capture a greater portion of the Guthrie County health care market. Efforts continued to make the community more aware of the services provided at the Hospital.

In 2015 significant time and money investments were made to continue the process of positioning the Hospital to be more competitive in the primary and secondary health care market. During the year, we continued to market the family practice clinics in Stuart, Adair and Panora, along with our pediatrician who started seeing patients in July 2012

The primary component of the decrease in operating losses were a continual effort of management to monitor expenses. The expenses of the hospital decreased \$120,000 or 0.8 percent coupled with the increase in net operating revenues of \$505,000 or 3.9 percent.

NON-OPERATING REVENUES AND EXPENSES

Non-operating revenues consist primarily of property taxes levied by the Hospital, interest income reported as investment earnings, and non capital grants and contributions.

The Hospital's Non-operating Revenues and Expenses increased by \$29,730 comparing fiscal 2015 versus 2014.

GRANTS, CONTRIBUTIONS, AND ENDOWMENTS

The Hospital actively seeks contributions through its Foundation and continues to explore applicable grant opportunities. During 2011, the Hospital was awarded a three year Broadband Technology Opportunities Program (BTOP) grant. The Hospital completed this grant in August 2013 and received \$498,220 from the BTOP grant in fiscal 2014.

THE HOSPITAL'S CASH FLOW

Changes in the Hospital's cash flows are consistent with changes in operating losses and non-operating revenues and expenses, as discussed earlier. Cash flows provided by operating activities for 2015 were \$1,356,558. Comparatively, for fiscal 2014, cash flows provided by operating activities were \$225,485, a net change of \$1,131,073.

BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

The official county budget of the Hospital for the year ended June 30, 2015, was prepared on the modified accrual basis. Actual budget basis revenues were lower than the budgeted amount of \$15,616,400 by \$547,099, or about 3.5 percent. Actual expenditures were lower than budgeted expenditures as well. Actual budget basis expenditures were \$14,679,252 as compared to budgeted expenditures of \$15,599,000, a difference of \$919,748 or about 5.9 percent.

CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

Capital Assets:

During the fiscal year, the Hospital made capital investments totaling \$308,873. The following table, Table 3, presents a list of significant capital items:

Table 3
Capital Investments

Capital Investments	Vendor	Department	2(014 Cost
Electronic Health System	Healthland	Clinic	\$	115,644
Electronic Health System	Healthland	Laboratory		101,326

Capital assets for the years ended June 30, 2015, 2014, and 2013 are shown in the following table, Table 4:

Table 4 Capital Assets

	2015	2014	2013
Land and land improvements Buildings Fixed equipment Major movable equipment Subtotal Less accumulated depreciation Construction in progress	\$ 1,240,996 11,836,924 2,095,361 6,141,279 21,314,560 11,521,844 138,276	\$ 1,243,585 11,839,096 2,085,301 6,143,955 21,311,937 10,512,673 138,276	\$ 1,243,585 11,734,497 2,077,409 5,731,286 20,786,777 9,250,936 132,376
Net capital assets	\$ 9,930,992	\$ 10,937,540	\$ 11,668,217

Net capital assets decreased as the Hospital has recently completed projects and current year depreciation exceeded current year acquisitions.

Debt:

At year-end, the Hospital had \$2,670,430 in short-term and long-term debt. The total debt amount decreased by \$595,925 in fiscal year 2015. More detailed information about the Hospital's long-term liabilities is presented in the notes to the basic financial statements.

Total debt outstanding represents approximately 15.6% of the Hospital's total assets at June 30, 2015.

CONTACTING THE HOSPITAL'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, customers and creditors with a general overview of the Hospital's finances and to demonstrate the Hospital's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact Hospital Administration.

GUTHRIE COUNTY HOSPITAL Statements of Net Position June 30,

ASSETS AND DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES

		2015	·	Not Restated 2014
Current Assets: Cash Patient receivables, less allowances for doubtful accounts and for contractual	\$	3,395,975	\$	1,441,006
adjustments (\$526,000 in 2015, \$415,800 in 2014) Grant receivables Other receivables Inventory Prepaid expense Other current assets Estimated third-party payor settlements Succeeding year property tax receivable Designated and restricted assets Total current assets	3	1,282,169 5,069 10,618 362,451 237,010 18,559 1,572,000 242,822 7,126,673	,	1,509,792 6,318 13,869 334,430 256,458 20,373 14,100 1,538,000 242,447 5,376,793
Designated and Restricted Assets: Internally designated assets Restricted assets Less amounts required to meet current liabilities	_	845 241,977 242,822 242,822		831 241,616 242,447 242,447
Capital Assets: Depreciable capital assets, net Non-depreciable capital assets		9,679,725 251,267 9,930,992	/. 	10,686,273 251,267 10,937,540
Other Assets: Notes Receivable Other	-	40,714 39,153 79,867		54,286 46,570 100,856
Total assets		17,137,532		16,415,189
Deferred Outflows of Resources - Pension	_	458,436	-	
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$	17,595,968	\$	16,415,189

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these statements.

LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND NET POSITION

	2015	Not Restated 2014
Current Liabilities: Current maturities of long-term debt Accounts payable Accrued employee compensation Payroll taxes withheld and accrued Accrued interest payable Estimated third-party payor settlements Total current liabilities	\$ 599,842 340,801 618,008 50,010 82 1,302,000 2,910,743	\$ 595,924 453,021 594,244 45,034 146 1,688,369
Long-Term Liabilities: Revenue bonds, less current maturities Capital lease obligation, less current maturities Net pension liability Total long-term liabilities Total liabilities	2,040,000 30,588 3,608,795 5,679,383 8,590,126	2,520,000 150,431 2,670,431 4,358,800
Deferred Inflows of Resources: Deferred succeeding year property tax Deferred pension cost Total deferred inflows of resources	1,572,000 1,376,290 2,948,290	1,538,000
Net Position: Invested in capital assets, net of related debt Restricted - expendable Unrestricted Total net position	7,256,537 241,977 (1,440,962) 6,057,552	7,663,785 241,616 2,612,988 10,518,389

Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and net position \$\\ \frac{17,595,968}{200} \\ \frac{16,415,189}{200}

GUTHRIE COUNTY HOSPITAL Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Year ended June 30,

	2015	Not Restated 2014
Revenue: Net patient service revenue	\$ 13,251,173	\$ 12,718,690
Other revenue	192,479	219,760
Total revenue	13,443,652	12,938,450
Expenses: Nursing service Other professional service Physician services General service Fiscal and administrative service Provision for depreciation Amortization Total expenses	3,598,124 4,501,286 2,099,002 1,229,467 1,816,077 1,315,421 7,417 14,566,794	3,503,685 4,337,233 1,992,782 1,225,110 2,265,331 1,355,685 7,417 14,687,243
Operating Loss	(1,123,142)	(1,748,793)
Non-Operating Revenues (Expenses): County taxes Investment income Noncapital grants and contributions Loss on disposal of assets Interest expense Non-operating revenues, net	1,599,882 3,830 15,367 (1,594,179 2,303 23,086 (7,253) (142,841) 1,469,474
Excess of Revenues Over Expenses (Expenses Over Revenues) Before Capital Grants and Contributions	376,062	(279,319)
Capital Grants and Contributions	6,570	523,841
Increase in Net Position	382,632	244,522
Net Position Beginning of Year	5,674,920	10,273,867
Net Position End of Year	\$ 6,057,552	\$ 10,518,389

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these statements.

GUTHRIE COUNTY HOSPITAL Statements of Cash Flows Year ended June 30,

	2015	Not Restated 2014
Cash flows from operating activities: Cash received from patients and third-party payors Cash paid to suppliers Cash paid to employees Other revenue Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ 14,798,147 (7,443,799) (6,190,269)	\$ 13,303,304 (7,001,915) (6,295,664) 219,760 225,485
Cash flows from non-capital financing activities: County tax revenue Noncapital grants and contributions Net cash provided by non-capital financing activities	1,599,882 16,616 1,616,498	1,594,179 21,257 1,615,436
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities: Capital grants and contributions Capital expenditures Construction in progress expenditures Principal paid on long-term debt Principal paid on capital leases Interest paid Net cash used in capital and related financing activities	6,570 (312,248) (480,000) (115,925) (119,939) (1,021,542)	686,593 (878,680) (5,900) (487,500) (112,135) (142,902) (940,524)
Cash flows from investing activities: Investment income Change in designated and restricted assets Net cash provided by investing activities	3,830 (242) 3,588	2,303 486 2,789
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	1,955,102	903,186
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	1,443,198	540,012
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$ 3,398,300	\$ 1,443,198
Reconciliation of cash and cash equivalents to the statements of net position: Cash and cash equivalents in current assets Cash and cash equivalents in designated and restricted assets	\$ 3,395,975	\$ 1,441,006
Total cash and cash equivalents	\$ 3,398,300	\$ 1,443,198

(continued next page)

GUTHRIE COUNTY HOSPITAL Statements of Cash Flows - Continued Year ended June 30,

		2015		Not Restated 2014
Reconciliation of operating loss to net cash provided by operating activities:				
Operating loss	\$(1,123,142)	\$(1,748,793)
Adjustments to reconcile operating loss to net cash provided by operating activities	`	, , ,	`	, ,
Depreciation		1,315,421		1,355,685
Amortization		20,989		20,988
Change in assets and liabilities				
Accounts receivable		230,874		469,814
Inventory	(28,021)	(29,755)
Prepaid expense		19,448	(24,524)
Other current assets		1,814		168
Deferred outflows of resources		73,288		
Accounts payable, trade	(108,845)		49,786
Accrued employee compensation		23,764		16,227
Payroll taxes withheld and accrued		4,976		1,089
Estimated third-party payor settlements		1,316,100		114,800
Net pension liability	(1,766,398)		
Deferred inflows of resources	· ·	1,376,290		
Total adjustments	-	2,479,700		1,974,278
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	1,356,558	\$	225,485

NOTE A - REPORTING ENTITY AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

1. Reporting Entity

Guthrie County Hospital (the Hospital) is a critical access county hospital with related healthcare ancillary and outpatient services. The Hospital is organized under Chapter 347 of the Code of Iowa, accordingly is a political subdivision of the State of Iowa, and is therefore exempt from federal and state income taxes. It is governed by a seven member board of trustees elected for six year terms. The Hospital has considered all potential component units for which it is financially accountable, and other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the Hospital are such that exclusion would cause the Hospital's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. The criteria for determining financial accountability include: appointing a majority of an organization's governing body, and (a) the Hospital's ability to impose its will on that organization, or (b) the potential for the organization to provide benefits to or impose financial burdens on the Hospital. The Hospital has identified one component unit: Guthrie County Hospital Foundation (the Foundation). Substantially all of the economic resources of the Foundation are designated for the direct benefit of the Hospital. The Hospital has elected not to discreetly present the financial statements of the Foundation. See Note I.

2. Basis of Presentation

The Statement of Net Position displays the Hospital's assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources and net position in a balance sheet format. Net position is reported in three categories:

Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation/amortization and reduced by outstanding balances for bonds, notes and other debt attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.

Restricted net position:

- a. *Nonexpendable* Nonexpendable net position is subject to externally imposed stipulations which require them to be maintained permanently by the Hospital.
- b. *Expendable* Expendable net position results when constraints placed on net position use are either externally imposed or are imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Enabling legislation did not result in any restricted net position.

Unrestricted net position consists of net position not meeting the definition of the preceding categories. Unrestricted net position is often subject to constraints imposed by management which can be removed or modified.

When both restricted and unrestricted net position is available for use, generally it is the Hospital's policy to use restricted net position first.

NOTE A - REPORTING ENTITY AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

3. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

Measurement focus refers to when revenues and expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Basis of accounting relates to the timing of the measurements made, regardless of the measurement focus applied.

The accompanying basic financial statements have been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting in conformity with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles. Revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred.

4. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

5. Cash and Cash Equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include investments in highly liquid debt instruments with an original maturity of three months or less including designated and restricted assets.

6. Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable are shown at the amount expected to be collected after determining the allowance for doubtful accounts based on an aging of all the individual patient balances.

7. Inventory Valuation

Inventory is valued at the lower of cost (first-in, first-out method) or market.

8. Investments

Investments are reported at fair value except for short-term highly liquid investments that have a remaining maturity at the time they are purchased of one year or less. These investments are carried at amortized cost. Interest, dividends, and gains and losses, both realized and unrealized, on investments are included in non-operating revenue when earned, unless restricted by donor or law.

NOTE A - REPORTING ENTITY AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

9. Designated and Restricted Assets

Internally designated assets consist primarily of funds designated by the Board of Trustees for capital acquisitions. The Board retains control over these funds, and may, at its discretion, subsequently use them for other purposes. Restricted assets include donor restricted gifts, and funds whose use is limited by law or contractual agreements.

10. Capital Assets

The Hospital's capital assets are reported at historical cost. Contributed capital assets are reported at their estimated fair value at the time of their donation. Capital assets with lives in excess of two years and cost in excess of \$5,000 are capitalized. These capital assets, other than land, are depreciated or amortized (in the case of capital leases) using the straight-line method of depreciation using their estimated useful lives (fifteen to fifty years for buildings and land improvements and three to twenty years for equipment).

11. Costs of Borrowing

Except for capital assets acquired through gifts, contributions, or capital grants, interest cost on borrowed funds during the period of construction of capital assets is capitalized as a component of the cost of acquiring those assets. The Hospital did not capitalize any interest cost in 2015 or 2014.

12. Deferred Outflows of Resources

Deferred outflows of resources represent a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense) until then. Deferred outflows of resources consist of unrecognized items not yet charged to pension expense and contributions from the employer after the measurement date but before the end of the employer's reporting period.

13. Property Tax Levy

Property tax receivable is recognized on the levy or lien date, which is the date that the tax asking is certified by the County Board of Supervisors. The succeeding year property tax receivable represents taxes certified by the Board of Supervisors to be collected in the next fiscal year for the purposes set out in the budget for that year. The succeeding year property tax receivable has been recorded as a current asset and the related property tax revenue has been recorded as a deferred inflow of resources. Property tax revenue is reported as non-operating revenue when collected by the County Treasurer.

NOTE A - REPORTING ENTITY AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

14. Compensated Absences

Hospital policies permit most employees to accumulate vacation, holiday, and sick time benefits that may be realized as paid time off. Expense and the related liability are recognized as benefits are earned. Compensation absence liabilities are computed using the regular pay and termination pay rates in effect at the balance sheet date plus an additional amount for compensation-related payments such as social security and Medicare taxes computed using rates in effect at that date.

15. Deferred Inflows of Resources

Deferred inflows of resources represent an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. Deferred inflows of resources in the Statement of Net Position consists of succeeding year property tax receivable that will not be recognized as revenue until the year for which it is levied and the unamortized portion of the net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments.

16. Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position

For purposes of display, transactions deemed by management to be ongoing, major or central to the provision of health care services are reported as operating revenues and expenses. Property tax levied to finance the current year is included as non-operating revenues and peripheral or incidental transactions are reported as non-operating revenues and expenses.

17. Net Patient Service Revenue

The Hospital has agreements with third-party payors that provide for payments to the Hospital at amounts different from its established rates. Payment arrangements include prospectively determined rates, reimbursed costs, discounted charges, and per diem payments. Net patient service revenue is reported at the estimated net realizable amounts from patients, third-party payors, and others for services rendered, including estimated retroactive adjustments under reimbursement agreements with third-party payors. Retroactive adjustments are accrued on an estimated basis in the period the related services are rendered and adjusted in future periods as final settlements are determined.

18. Grants and Contributions

Revenues from grants and contributions (including contributions of capital assets) are recognized when all eligibility requirements, including time requirements are met. Grants and contributions may be restricted for either specific operating purposes or for capital purposes. Amounts that are unrestricted or that are restricted to a specific operating purpose are reported as non-operating revenues. Amounts restricted to capital acquisitions are reported after non-operating revenues and expenses.

NOTE A - REPORTING ENTITY AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

19. Charity Care

The Hospital provides care to patients who meet certain criteria under its charity care policy without charge or at amounts less than its established rates. Revenue from services to these patients is automatically recorded in the accounting system at the established rates, but the Hospital does not pursue collection of the amounts. The resulting adjustments are recorded as bad debts or charity service depending on the timing of the charity determination.

NOTE B - THIRD-PARTY PAYOR ARRANGEMENTS

A summary of the payment arrangements with major third-party payors follows:

Medicare and Medicaid - Inpatient services and most outpatient services related to program beneficiaries are paid based on a cost reimbursement methodology. The Hospital is reimbursed for the cost of services at a tentative rate with final settlement determined after submission of annual cost reports by the Hospital and audits thereof by the fiscal intermediaries. The Hospital's Medicare cost reports have been audited and finalized by the fiscal intermediaries through June 30, 2013 (Medicaid through June 30, 2012). However, finalized cost reports are subject to re-opening by the intermediaries within three years after the date of finalization. Outpatient services not paid based on a cost reimbursement methodology are paid based on a prospectively determined fee schedule.

The Hospital also has entered into payment agreements with certain commercial insurance carriers, health maintenance organizations, and preferred provider organizations. The basis for payment to the Hospital under these agreements includes prospectively determined rates per discharge, discounts from established charges, and prospectively determined daily rates.

NOTE C - RESTRICTED NET POSITION

Restricted expendable assets are available for the following purposes:

	2015			2014		
Long-term debt Purchase of property and equipment	\$	240,421 1,556	\$	240,060 1,556		
	\$	241,977	\$	241,616		

The Hospital has no restricted non-expendable assets or endowments at June 30, 2015 or 2014.

Following is a summary of the use of temporarily restricted assets during the year ended June 30:

	8	2015	-	2014	
Purchase of property and equipment Payment of long-term debt	\$	\$ 6,570		525,281 379	
	\$	6,570	\$	525,660	

NOTE D - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

The Hospital's deposits at June 30, 2015 were entirely covered by federal depository insurance or the State Sinking Fund in accordance with Chapter 12C of the Code of Iowa. This chapter provides for additional assessments against the depositories to ensure there will be no loss of public funds. Investments are stated as indicated in Note A.

The Hospital is authorized by statute to invest public funds in obligations of the United States Government, its agencies and instrumentalities; certificates of deposit or other evidences of deposit at federally insured depository institutions approved by the Board of Trustees; prime eligible bankers acceptances; certain high rated commercial paper; perfected repurchase agreements; certain registered open-end management investment companies; common stocks; certain joint investment trusts; and warrants or improvement certificates of a drainage district.

NOTE D - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS - Continued

The composition of designated and restricted assets is as follows:

Internally Designated Aggets	-	2015	_	2014
Internally Designated Assets: Cash and cash equivalents GNMA pool	\$	769 76	\$	636 195
	\$	845	\$	831
Restricted Assets: Certificates of deposit Cash and cash equivalents	\$	240,421 1,556	\$	240,060 1,556
	\$	241,977	\$	241,616

Interest Rate Risk - The Hospital's investment policy limits the investment of operating funds (funds expected to be expended in the current budget year or within 15 months of receipt) in instruments that mature within 397 days. Funds not identified as operating funds may be invested in investments with maturities longer than 397 days but the maturities shall be consistent with the needs and use of the Hospital.

NOTE E - ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE AND CONCENTRATION OF CREDIT RISK

The Hospital grants credit without collateral to its patients, most of whom are local residents and are insured under third-party payor agreements. The mix of receivables from patients and third-party payors at June 30, 2015 and 2014, was as follows:

	2015			2014		
Receivable from:						
Patients	\$	438,454	\$	377,161		
Medicare		616,464		747,225		
Medicaid		115,224		67,131		
Wellmark		239,329		281,407		
Other commercial insurance carriers		398,698		452,668		
		1,808,169		1,925,592		
Less allowances for doubtful accounts and						
contractual adjustments	1	526,000	_	415,800		
	\$	1,282,169	\$	1,509,792		

NOTE F - CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets, additions, disposals and balances for the years ended June 30, 2015 and 2014 were as follows:

Cost		Balance 2014		Additions	D	isposals	_	Balance 2015
Land Improvements Buildings Fixed Equipment Major Movable Equipment Depreciation	\$	1,130,594 11,839,096 2,085,301 6,143,955 21,198,946	\$	6,900 10,060 291,913 308,873	\$	9,489 2,172 294,589 306,250	\$	1,128,005 11,836,924 2,095,361 6,141,279 21,201,569
Land Improvements Buildings Fixed Equipment Major Movable Equipment		551,096 4,715,435 1,376,429 3,869,713		56,299 394,076 106,216 758,830	_	9,489 2,172 294,589	_	597,906 5,107,339 1,482,645 4,333,954
Total Depreciation	_	10,512,673	_	1,315,421	_	306,250		11,521,844
Total Depreciable Capital Assets, Net	\$	10,686,273	\$(1,006,548)	\$		\$	9,679,725
Construction in Progress Land	\$	138,276 112,991	\$		\$		\$	138,276 112,991
Total Non-Depreciable Capital Assets	\$	251,267	\$		\$		\$	251,267

NOTE F - CAPITAL ASSETS - Continued

Cost	Balance 2013	Additions	Disposals	Balance 2014
Land Improvements Buildings Fixed Equipment Major Movable Equipment Depreciation	\$ 1,130,594 11,734,497 2,077,409 5,731,286 20,673,786	\$ 104,599 8,977 512,785 626,361	\$ 1,085 100,116 101,201	\$ 1,130,594 11,839,096 2,085,301 6,143,955 21,198,946
Land Improvements Buildings Fixed Equipment Major Movable Equipment	490,828 4,301,039 1,276,275 3,182,794	60,268 414,396 101,239 779,782	1,085 92,863	551,096 4,715,435 1,376,429 3,869,713
Total Depreciation	9,250,936	1,355,685	93,948	10,512,673
Total Depreciable Capital Assets, Net	\$ 11,422,850	\$(729,324)	\$ 7,253	\$ 10,686,273
Construction in Progress Land	\$ 132,376 112,991	\$ 5,900	\$ 	\$ 138,276 112,991
Total Non-Depreciable Capital Assets	\$ 245,367	\$ 5,900	\$	\$ 251,267

NOTE G - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

A schedule of changes in the Hospital's long-term liabilities for the years ended June 30, 2015 and 2014 follows:

	Balance 2014	Additions	Reductions	Balance 2015	Current Portion
Long-Term Debt: Series 2006 Revenue					
Bonds	\$1,080,000	\$	\$ 160,000	\$ 920,000	\$ 160,000
Series 2009 Revenue Bonds	1,920,000		320,000	1,600,000	320,000
Capital Lease Obligation	266,355		115,925	150,430	119,842
Net Pension Liability		3,608,795	====	3,608,795	
Total Long-Term Liabilities	\$3,266,355	\$3,608,795	\$ 595,925	\$6,279,225	\$ 599,842

NOTE G - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES - Continued

		alance 2013	Ad	ditions	Re	eductions		lance 014		Current Portion
Long-Term Debt: Rural Economic										
Development Loan	\$	7,500	\$		\$	7,500	\$		\$	
Series 2006 Revenue Bonds	1	240,000				160,000	1.0	80,000		160,000
Series 2009 Revenue	ĺ	,				,		,		,
Bonds	2,	240,000				320,000	1,9	20,000		320,000
Capital Lease Obligation	-	378,490			_	112,135	2	66,355	_	115,924
Total Long-Term Liabilities	\$3.	865,990	\$		\$	599,635	\$3,2	66,355	\$	595,924

In September, 2008, the Hospital borrowed \$150,000 through the Guthrie County Rural Electric Cooperative under the Rural Economic Development Loan and Grant Program. The loan was non-interest bearing and payable in twenty equal quarterly installments. The loan was paid off during the year ended June 30, 2014.

The Series 2006 Hospital Revenue Bonds were issued in May, 2006 in a principal amount up to \$2,200,000. The bonds carry an interest rate of 4.00% per annum through September 30, 2015. On September 30, 2015 and again on September 30, 2018, the rate will be adjusted to 0.50% over the "constant maturity" index of the three year U.S. Treasury Note rate in effect on those dates, provided however, that no adjusted interest rate shall be 2% higher or lower than the immediately preceding adjusted interest rate and no adjusted interest rate shall exceed 8% per annum or be less than 4% per annum. The bonds mature in quarterly installments of principal in the amount of \$40,000 plus interest. The bonds are payable from and secured by a lien on net revenues of the Hospital.

The Series 2009 Hospital Revenue Bonds were issued in September, 2009 in a principal amount up to \$3,200,000. The bonds carry an interest rate of 4.00% per annum through September 30, 2015. On September 30, 2015 and again on September 30, 2018, the rate will be adjusted to 0.50% over the "constant maturity" index of the three year U.S. Treasury Note rate in effect on those dates, provided however, that no adjusted interest rate shall be 2% higher or lower than the immediately preceding adjusted interest rate and no adjusted interest rate shall exceed 8% per annum or be less than 4% per annum. The bonds mature in quarterly installments of principal in the amount of \$80,000 plus interest. The bonds are payable from and secured by a lien on net revenues of the Hospital.

The combined annual debt service on the loan, bonds, and capital lease obligation is expected to require less than 40% of cash flow available for debt service. For the current year, debt service and cash flow available for debt service were approximately \$716,000 and \$1,825,000, respectively.

NOTE G - LONG-TERM LIABILITIES - Continued

Under the terms of the bond resolution, the Hospital is required to maintain certain deposits with a bank. Such deposits are included with restricted assets in the financial statements. The bond resolution also places limits on the incurrence of additional borrowings and requires that the Hospital satisfy certain measures of financial performance as long as the notes are outstanding.

Assets recorded under capital leases, which carry an interest rate of 3.33%, consist of major movable equipment items with totals as follows:

	S 	2014			
Cost Less: Accumulated Amortization	\$	578,305 433,729	\$	578,305 318,068	
Net Book Value	\$	144,576	\$	260,237	

Scheduled principal and interest repayments on long-term debt are as follows:

Year Ending	,	Long-Terr	n D	ebt		Capital L	ea	ses		
June 30,	I	Principal		Interest	_	Principal	_	Interest	_	Total
2016	\$	480,000	\$	93,780	\$	119,842	\$	3,189	\$	696,811
2017		480,000		74,422		30,589		170	·	585,181
2018		480,000		55,222						535,222
2019		480,000		36,022						516,022
2020		480,000		16,822						496,822
2021		120,000	_	2,400	_		_) =	122,400
	\$	2,520,000	\$	278,668	\$	150,431	\$	3,359	\$	2,952,458

The pension liability, as further described in Note H, represents an actuarial estimate of the Hospital's share of the Iowa Public Employee Retirement System (IPERS) unfunded pension liability.

NOTE H - PENSION PLAN

<u>Plan Description</u> - IPERS membership is mandatory for employees of the Hospital, except for those covered by another retirement system. Employees of the Hospital are provided with pensions through a cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plan administered by Iowa Public Employees' Retirement System (IPERS). IPERS issues a stand-alone financial report which is available to the public by mail at 7401 Register Drive, P.O. Box 9117, Des Moines, Iowa 50306-9117 or at www.ipers.org.

IPERS benefits are established under Iowa Code chapter 97B and the administrative rules thereunder. Chapter 97B and the administrative rules are the official plan documents. The following brief description is provided by general informational purposes only. Refer to the plan documents for more information.

NOTE H - PENSION PLAN - Continued

Pension Benefits - A regular member may retire at normal retirement age and receive monthly benefits without an early-retirement reduction. Normal retirement age is age 65, any time after reaching age 62 with 20 or more years of covered employment, or when the member's years of service plus the member's age at the last birthday equals or exceeds 88, whichever comes first. (These qualifications must be met on the member's first month of entitlement to benefits.) Members cannot begin receiving retirement benefits before age 55. The formula used to calculate a Regular member's monthly IPERS benefit includes:

- A multiplier (based on years of service).
- The member's highest five-year average salary. (For members with service before June 30, 2012, the highest three-year average salary as of that date will be used if it is greater than the highest five-year average salary.)

If a member retires before normal retirement age, the member's monthly retirement benefit will be permanently reduced by an early-retirement reduction. The early-retirement reduction is calculated differently for service earned before and after July 1, 2012. For service earned before July 1, 2012, the reduction is 0.25% for each month that the member receives benefits before the member's earliest normal retirement age. For service earned starting July 1, 2012, the reduction is 0.50% for each month that the member receives benefits before age 65.

Generally, once a member selects a benefit option, a monthly benefit is calculated and remains the same for the rest of the member's lifetime. However, to combat the effects of inflation, retirees who began receiving benefits prior to July 1990 receive a guaranteed dividend with their regular November benefit payments.

Disability and Death Benefits - A vested member who is awarded federal Social Security disability or Railroad Retirement disability benefits is eligible to claim IPERS benefits regardless of age. Disability benefits are not reduced for early retirement. If a member dies before retirement, the member's beneficiary will receive a lifetime annuity or a lump-sum payment equal to the present actuarial value of the member's accrued benefit or calculated with a set formula, whichever is greater. When a member dies after retirement, death benefits depend on the benefit option the member selected at retirement.

Contributions - Effective July 1, 2012, as a result of a 2010 law change, the contribution rates are established by IPERS following the annual actuarial valuation, which applies IPERS' Contribution Rate Funding Policy and Actuarial Amortization Method. Statute limits the amount rates can increase or decrease each year to 1 percentage point. IPERS Contribution Rate Funding Policy requires that the actuarial contribution rate be determined using the "entry age normal" actuarial cost method and the actuarial assumptions and methods approved by the IPERS Investment Board. The actuarial contribution rate covers normal cost plus the unfunded actuarial liability payment based on a 30-year amortization period. The payment to amortize the unfunded actuarial liability is determined as a level percentage of payroll, based on the Actuarial Amortization Method adopted by the Investment Board.

NOTE H - PENSION PLAN - Continued

In fiscal year 2015, pursuant to the required rate, Regular members contributed 5.95% of pay and the Hospital contributed 8.93% for a total rate of 14.88%.

The Hospital's contributions to IPERS for the year ended June 30, 2015 were \$524,990.

Net Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions - At June 30, 2015, the Hospital reported a liability of \$3,608,795 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The Hospital net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2014, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The Hospital's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the Hospital's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all IPERS participating employers. At June 30, 2014, the Hospital's proportion was 0.089170%, which was a decrease of 0.005764% from its proportion measured as of June 30, 2013. For the year ended June 30, 2015, the Hospital recognized pension expense of \$208,170. At June 30, 2015, the Hospital reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	O	eferred utflows Resources	Deferred Inflows Resources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	39,221	\$
Changes of assumptions		159,264	
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments			1,376,290
Changes in proportion and differences between Hospital contributions and proportionate share of contributions	(265,039)	
Hospital contributions subsequent to the measurement date	<u> </u>	524,990	 ,
	\$	458,436	\$ 1,376,290

NOTE H - PENSION PLAN - Continued

The \$524,990, reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from the Hospital contributions subsequent to the measurement date, will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2016. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,		
2016	\$(359,623)
2017	ì	359,623)
2018	Ì	359,623)
2019	Ì	359,623)
2020		4,352)
	\$(1,442,844)

There were no non-employer contribution entities at IPERS.

<u>Actuarial Assumptions</u> - The total pension liability in the June 30, 2014 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Rate of Inflation (effective June 30, 2014)	3.00%
Salary increases (effective June 30, 2014)	4.00%, average, including inflation
Investment rate of return (effective June 30, 1996)	7.50% per annum, compounded annually, net of pension plan investment expense, including inflation

The actuarial assumptions used in the June 30, 2014 valuation were based on the results of actuarial experience studies with dates corresponding to those listed above.

Mortality rates were based on the RP-2000 Mortality Table for Males or Females, as appropriate, with adjustments for mortality improvements based on Scale AA.

NOTE H - PENSION PLAN - Continued

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Asset Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
US Equity	23%	6.31
Non US Equity	15	6.76
Private Equity	13	11.34
Real Estate	8	3.52
Core Plus Fixed Income	28	2.06
Credit Opportunities	5	3.67
TIPS	5	1.92
Other Real Assets	2	6.27
Cash	1	(0.69)
Total	100%	

<u>Discount Rate</u> - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.5%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that employee contributions will be made at the contractually required rate and that contributions from the Hospital will be made at contractually required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the Hospital's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate - The following presents the Hospital's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.5%, as well as what the Hospital's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.5%) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.5%) than the current rate.

	1%	Discount	1%
	Decrease	Rate	Increase
	(6.5%)	(7.5%)	(8.5%)
Hospital's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 6,818,716	\$ 3,608,795	\$ 899,288

NOTE H - PENSION PLAN - Continued

<u>Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position</u> - Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued IPERS financial report which is available on IPERS' website at <u>www.ipers.org</u>.

<u>Payables to the Pension Plan</u> - At June 30, 2015, the Hospital reported payables to the defined benefit pension plan of \$23,771 for legally required employer contributions and \$ - 0 - for legally required employee contributions which had been withheld from employee wages but not yet remitted to IPERS.

NOTE I - AFFILIATED ORGANIZATION

Unity Point Health (Unity Point)

The Hospital entered into an operating agreement with Unity Point effective January 1, 2014. Under the agreement, the Hospital's Chief Executive Officer is an employee of Unity Point and the Hospital reimburses Unity Point for the cost of the Chief Executive Officer's salary and benefits. The Hospital also pays a monthly fee to Unity Point for management services. Under the terms of the agreement, Unity Point provides management oversight services and consults and works with the Hospital's board in formulating management strategies and recommendations regarding operations. Below is a list of transactions between the Hospital and this affiliate for the years ended June 30, 2015 and 2014:

	2015	 2014
Fees to Unity Point for personnel and services	\$ 218,750	\$ 109,375

Guthrie County Hospital Foundation (the Foundation)

As indicated in Note A1, the Foundation has been identified as a component unit of the Hospital. A summary of the Foundation's assets, liabilities and net position as of June 30, 2015 and 2014 follows:

		(Unaudited)		
	2015	2014		
Assets	\$ 220,626	\$ 188,634		
Net Position	\$ 220,626	\$ 188,634		

The Hospital received \$6,570 and \$26,604 from the Foundation during the years ended June 30, 2015 and 2014, respectively, for the purchase of property and equipment. As of June 30, 2015, the Foundation has no material pledges receivable related to Hospital projects.

NOTE J - OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

Plan Description: As required by state law, the Hospital offers health insurance to former employees who have retired after age 55, but have not reached Medicare eligibility. The fully insured plan is a part of the plan offered to all Hospital employees, and the retirees must pay the full cost of the health insurance premium equal to that charged for current employees. There are 85 active employees and 0 retirees currently covered by the health insurance plan.

Funding Policy: The Hospital does not set aside funds to pay for any OPEB liability. Any Hospital costs of an implicit health insurance premium rate subsidy are charged to expense in the year paid.

Net OPEB Obligation: Management of the Hospital considers any OPEB obligation, which may exist, to be immaterial. Therefore the Hospital has elected to not obtain an actuarial evaluation of the OPEB liability.

Generally accepted accounting principles, established under GASB Statement No. 45, require that an actuarial or alternative computation of a liability be completed. The independent auditor's report regarding the financial statements has been qualified as a result of not obtaining the required evaluation and not recording any potential material OPEB liability.

NOTE K - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

Risk Management

The Hospital is insured by a claims-made policy for protection against liability claims resulting from professional services provided or which should have been provided. Management believes that the malpractice insurance coverage is adequate to cover all asserted and any unasserted claims, therefore no related liability has been accrued. Guthrie County Hospital is exposed to various other common business risks for which it is covered by commercial insurance. Settled claims from these risks have not exceeded insurance coverage during the past three fiscal years.

Notes Receivable

The notes receivable represent funds advanced under an agreement with a healthcare professional now practicing in the community. The agreement includes commitments by the healthcare professional to provide medical services in the community for a specified period of years. In exchange for the commitments of time and services, the Hospital will forgive the notes over the term of the commitments.

Construction in Progress

The \$138,276 in construction in progress at June 30, 2015 is related to various small projects for which no material commitments exist as of the date of this report.

Subsequent Events

The Hospital has evaluated all subsequent events through September 23, 2015, the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

GUTHRIE COUNTY HOSPITAL Notes to Financial Statements June 30, 2015 and 2014

NOTE L - DEFICIT UNRESTRICTED NET POSITION

The Hospital had a deficit unrestricted net position at June 30, 2015, entirely due to the net pension liability and related deferrals of resources. Total net position remained positive.

NOTE M - ACCOUNTING CHANGE/RESTATEMENT

Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions - an Amendment of GASB No. 27 was implemented during fiscal year 2015. The revised requirements establish new financial reporting requirements for state and local governments which provide their employees with pension benefits, including additional note disclosures and required supplementary information. In addition, GASB No. 68 requires a state or local government employer to recognize a net pension liability and changes in the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources which arise from other types of events related to pensions. During the transition year, as permitted beginning balances for deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources will not be reported, except for deferred outflows of resources related to contributions made after the measurement date of the beginning net pension liability which is required to be reported by Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date. Beginning net position was restated to retroactively report the beginning net pension liability and deferred outflows of resources related to contributions made after the measurement date, as follows:

		Net Position
Net position June 30, 2014, as previously reported	\$	10,518,389
Net pension liability at June 30, 2014	(5,375,193)
Deferred outflows of resources related to contributions made after the July 30, 2013 measurement date		531,724
Net position July 1, 2014, as restated	\$	5,674,920

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GUTHRIE COUNTY HOSPITAL Budgetary Comparison Schedule Year Ended June 30, 2015

The budgetary comparison is presented as Required Supplementary Information in accordance with Government Auditing Standards. In accordance with the Code of Iowa, the Board of Trustees annually adopts a budget following required public notice and hearings. The annual budget may be amended during the year utilizing similar statutorily-prescribed procedures. The following is a reconciliation between reported amounts and the modified accrual basis used to prepare the budget. The adjustments result from accounting for interest, amortization, and net position differently for financial statement and budget purposes.

		Per Financial Statements				
		Unrestricted Fund	Restricted Fund	Total		
Amount raised by taxation		\$ 1,599,882	\$	\$ 1,599,882		
Other revenues Transfers in (out)		13,342,974 6,209	6,570 (6,209)	13,349,544		
		14,949,065	361	14,949,426		
Expenses		14,566,794		14,566,794		
Net		382,271	361	382,632		
Balance beginning of year		5,433,304	241,616	5,674,920		
Balance end of year		\$ 5,815,575	\$ 241,977	\$ 6,057,552		
	Total Per Financial Statements	Budget Adjustments	Budget Basis	Adopted Budget		
Amount raised by taxation	\$ 1,599,882	\$	\$ 1,599,882	\$ 1,537,910		
Other revenues	13,349,544 14,949,426	119,875 119,875	13,469,419 15,069,301	14,078,490 15,616,400		
Expenses	14,566,794	112,458	14,679,252	15,599,000		
Net	382,632	7,417	390,049	17,400		
Balance beginning of year	5,674,920	4,771,316	10,446,236	10,446,236		
Balance end of year	\$ 6,057,552	\$ 4,778,733	\$ 10,836,285	\$ 10,463,636		

See Independent Auditor's Report.

GUTHRIE COUNTY HOSPITAL Schedule of the Hospital's Proportionate Share of the Net IPERS Pension Liability June 30, 2015

	equired ormation
Hospital's proportion of the net pension liability	.089170%
Hospital's proportionate share of the net pension liability	\$ 3,609,000
Hospital's covered-employee payroll	\$ 5,977,000
Hospital's proportionate share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-employee payroll	60.38%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	87.61%

Note - GASB Statement No. 68 requires ten years of information to be presented in this table. However, until a full 10-year trend is compiled, the Hospital will present information for those years for which information is available. The amounts presented are from the previous IPERS June 30 fiscal year. Amounts reported are rounded.

See accompanying independent auditor's report.

GUTHRIE COUNTY HOSPITAL Schedule of Hospital IPERS Pension Contributions Year Ended June 30,

	-	2015		2014	_	2013		2012
Statutorily required contribution	\$	525,000	\$	531,700	\$	532,300	\$	466,700
Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution		525,000)	_(_	531,700)	_(_	532,300)	_(_	466,700)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$		\$		\$	= 14
Hospital's covered-employee payroll	\$	5,868,000	\$	5,977,000	\$	6,140,000	\$	5,783,000
Contributions as a percentage of covered-employee payroll		8.95%		8.90%		8.67%		8.07%

-	2011		2010	_	_2009	 2008	-	2007	 2006
\$	399,700	\$	363,000	\$	308,500	\$ 268,300	\$	248,200	\$ 231,500
_(399,700)	_(363,000)	_(_	308,500)	 268,300)		248,200)	 231,500)
\$		\$		\$		\$ 	\$		\$
\$	5,751,000	\$	5,459,000	\$	4,858,000	\$ 4,436,000	\$	4,316,000	\$ 4,027,000
	6.95%		6.65%		6.35%	6.05%		5.75%	5.75%

GUTHRIE COUNTY HOSPITAL Notes to Required Supplementary Information - Pension Liability Year Ended June 30, 2015

Changes of benefit terms:

Legislation passed in 2010 modified benefit terms for current Regular members. The definition of final average salary changed from the highest three to the highest five years of covered wages. The vesting requirement changed from four years of service to seven years. The early retirement reduction increased from 3% per year measured from the member's first unreduced retirement age to a 6% reduction for each year of retirement before age 65.

In 2008, legislative action transferred four groups - emergency medical service providers, county jailers, county attorney investigators, and National Guard installation security officers - from Regular membership to the protection occupation group for future service only.

Benefit provisions for sheriffs and deputies were changed in the 2004 legislative session. The eligibility for unreduced retirement benefits was lowered from age 55 by one year each July 1 (beginning in 2004) until it reached age 50 on July 1, 2008. The years of service requirement remained at 22 or more. Their contribution rates were also changed to be shared 50-50 by the employee and employer, instead of the previous 40-60 split.

Changes of assumptions:

The 2014 valuation implemented the following refinements as a result of a quadrennial experience study:

- Decreased the inflation assumption from 3.25% to 3.00%.
- Decreased the assumed rate of interest on member accounts from 4.00% to 3.75% per year.
- Adjusted male mortality rates for retirees in the Regular membership group.
- Reduced retirement rates for sheriffs and deputies between the ages of 55 and 64.
- Moved from an open 30 year amortization period to a closed 30 year amortization period for the UAL beginning June 30, 2014. Each year thereafter, changes in the UAL from plan experience will be amortized on a separate closed 20 year period.

The 2010 valuation implemented the following refinements as a result of a quadrennial experience study:

- Adjusted retiree mortality assumptions.
- Modified retirement rates to reflect fewer retirements.
- Lowered disability rates at most ages.
- Lowered employment termination rates.
- Generally increased the probability of terminating members receiving a deferred retirement benefit.
- Modified salary increase assumptions based on various service duration.

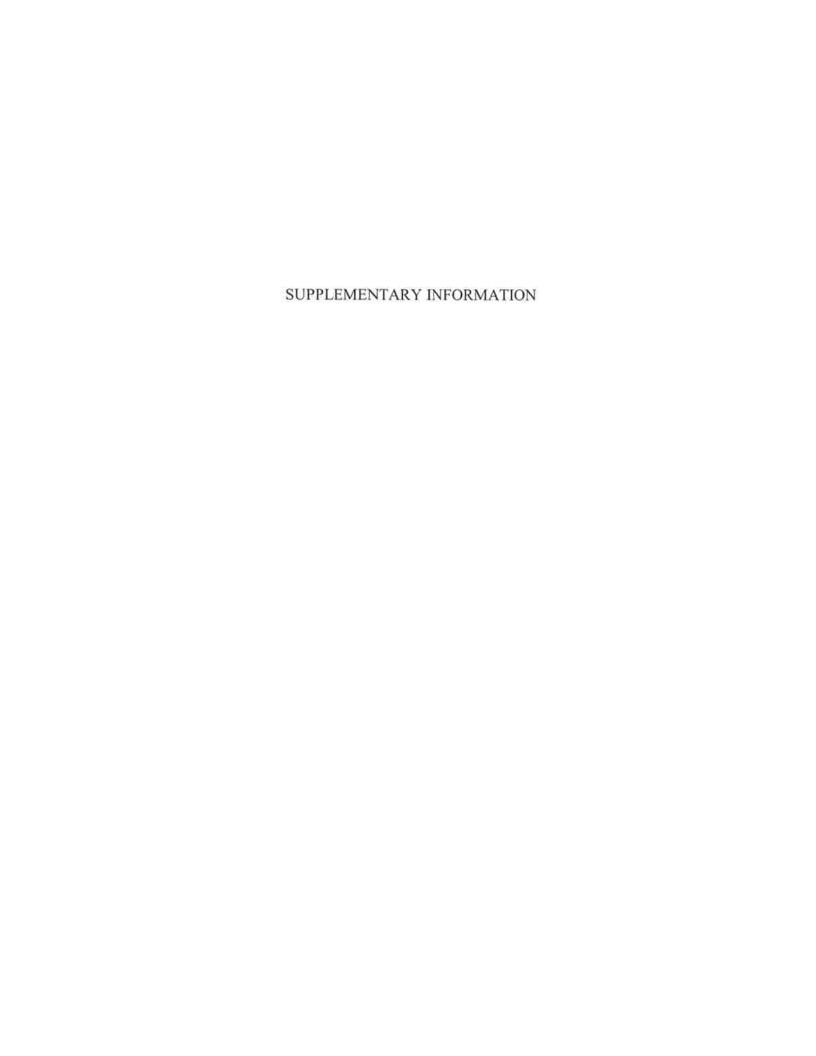
GUTHRIE COUNTY HOSPITAL Notes to Required Supplementary Information - Pension Liability Year Ended June 30, 2015

The 2007 valuation adjusted the application of the entry age normal cost method to better match projected contributions to the projected salary stream in the future years. It also included in the calculation of the UAL amortization payments the one-year lag between the valuation date and the effective date of the annual actuarial contribution rate.

The 2006 valuation implemented the following refinements as a result of a quadrennial experience study:

- Adjusted salary increase assumptions to service based assumptions.
- Decreased the assumed interest rate credited on employee contributions from 4.25% to 4.00%.
- Lowered the inflation assumption from 3.50% to 3.25%.
- Lowered disability rates for sheriffs and deputies and protection occupation members.

* * *



GUTHRIE COUNTY HOSPITAL Patient Receivables June 30,

Analysis of Aging:

	_	2015			2014		
Days Since Discharge	_	Amount	Percent To Total		Amount	Percent To Total	
In hospital - 30 31 - 60 61 - 90 91 - 120 121 and over	\$	1,207,689 257,302 96,451 49,789 196,938 1,808,169	67% 14 5 3 11 100%	\$	1,362,962 234,245 86,355 45,303 196,727 1,925,592	71% 12 5 2 10 100%	
Allowance for doubtful accounts Allowance for contractual adjustments	<u>\$</u>	250,000 276,000 1,282,169		\$	189,200 226,600 1,509,792		

Allowance for Doubtful Accounts:

	Year ended June 3 2015 20		
Balance, beginning	\$ 189,200	\$ 375,000	
Provision for bad debts	274,042	430,426	
Recoveries of accounts previously written off	259,043 722,285	816,930 1,622,356	
Accounts written off	472,285	1,433,156	
Balance, ending	\$ 250,000	\$ 189,200	

GUTHRIE COUNTY HOSPITAL Inventory/Prepaid Expense June 30,

	2015	2014
Inventory Medical and surgical supplies Laboratory Pharmacy Other	\$ 160,998 29,929 152,305 19,219	\$ 160,571 26,500 128,140 19,219
	\$ 362,451	\$ 334,430
Prepaid Expense Insurance Service contracts and dues	\$ 33,737 203,273	\$ 25,731 230,727
	\$ 237,010	\$ 256,458

GUTHRIE COUNTY HOSPITAL Patient Service Revenue Year ended June 30,

	2015			
	Inpati	Inpatient		atient_
Daily Patient Services: Medical, surgical and obstetric Swing bed	\$ 1,15	58,935 	\$	
5 / Mg 0 0 0	1,15	8,935	-	
Other Nursing Services:				
Cardiac rehabilitation				175,265
Operating and recovery rooms		5,865		582,638
Emergency room		23,724		790,945
Central services and supply		1,492	2	297,544
Intravenous therapy		3,345		90,726
Observation		9,497	2	237,286
	1,55	3,923	2,2	274,404
Other Professional Services:				
Emergency room professional		8,835	3	387,980
Laboratory	29	1,999	2,1	17,662
Blood	2	20,420		39,232
Electrocardiology		5,360		73,397
Radiology		5,856		196,783
CT scan		7,867		983,401
Ultrasound	1	6,763		309,383
Mammography			2	263,278
Nuclear imaging				31,057
MRI		7,851		505,758
Pharmacy		9,247		549,972
Anesthesia		7,399		130,187
Respiratory therapy		9,294	2	228,545
Speech therapy		3,114		4,939
Physical therapy	8	35,562	ç	905,422
Occupational therapy				43 440
Outpatient clinics				43,448
Diabetic education				13,148
Hospice Clinic professional fees				
Surgery professional fees				
ourgery professional rees	1,39	9,567	7,2	 283,592
	\$ 4,11	2,425	\$ 9.5	557,996

	2015		2014
Swing Bed	Physician Services	Total	Total
\$ 291,877 291,877	\$	\$ 1,158,935 <u>291,877</u> 1,450,812	\$ 915,072 267,297 1,182,369
4,242 		175,265 942,745 814,669 1,466,816 188,059 276,783 3,864,337	110,675 1,056,305 760,771 1,426,397 147,772 278,631 3,780,551
97,663 8,327 920 12,001 17,708 6,853 3,863 224,888	36,206 73,797	396,815 2,543,530 67,979 79,677 544,640 1,078,976 332,999 263,278 31,057 627,472 1,447,904	400,398 2,402,677 51,510 83,450 521,205 911,781 298,883 259,412 49,020 657,338 1,416,490
1,684 121,937 2,474 121,514 6,268 3,295 629,395	1,721,490 468,548 2,300,041	199,270 619,776 10,527 1,112,498 43,448 13,148 6,268 1,721,490 471,843 11,612,595	197,476 584,336 34,543 1,114,729 120,951 69,394 10,557 13,765 1,210,755 381,882 10,790,552
\$ 957,282	\$ 2,300,041	\$ 16,927,744	\$ 15,753,472

GUTHRIE COUNTY HOSPITAL Revenue and Related Adjustments Year ended June 30,

	2015	2014
Net Patient Service Revenue Patient service revenue Contractual adjustments Provision for bad debts Charity care	\$ 16,927,744 (3,380,388) (274,042) (22,141)	\$ 15,753,472 (2,560,914) (430,426) (43,442)
	\$ 13,251,173	\$ 12,718,690
Other Revenue Dietary revenue Congregate meals Ancillary service coverage revenue Outpatient clinic rental Fitness center Purchase discounts Wellness revenue Pharmacy student income Miscellaneous income	\$ 20,853 42,991 26,064 32,478 51,143 10,528 551 7,871	\$ 23,999 35,659 22,836 32,711 52,523 23,727 1,522 2,000 24,783
	\$ 192,479	\$ 219,760

GUTHRIE COUNTY HOSPITAL Nursing Service Expenses Year ended June 30,

	2015	2014
Administrative: Salaries and wages Employee benefits Supplies and other expense	\$ 104,385 24,983 2,438 131,806	\$ 93,567 19,474
Medical, Surgical and Obstetric: Salaries and wages Employee benefits Supplies and other expense	911,667 357,621 116,432 1,385,720	896,415 329,174 125,964 1,351,553
Cardiac Rehabilitation: Salaries and wages Employee benefits Supplies and other expense	59,158 10,512 3,571 73,241	55,869 9,505 3,780 69,154
Operating and Recovery Rooms: Salaries and wages Employee benefits Purchased services Professional fees Supplies and other expense	192,397 57,536 99,448 38,628 113,500 501,509	200,027 54,593 21,310 38,840 110,238 425,008
Emergency Room: Salaries and wages Employee benefits Supplies and other expense	242,095 69,656 91,299 403,050	253,154 79,081 82,224 414,459

(continued next page)

GUTHRIE COUNTY HOSPITAL Nursing Service Expenses - Continued Year ended June 30,

	2015	2014
Central Services and Supply: Salaries and wages Employee benefits Supplies and other expense	\$ 81,785 50,438 <u>969,491</u> 1,101,714	\$ 91,622 52,235 <u>982,851</u> 1,126,708
Intravenous Therapy: Supplies and other expense	1,084 \$ 3,598,124	3,475 \$ 3,503,685
SUN	MMARY	
Salaries and wages Employee benefits Professional fees Supplies and other expense	\$ 1,591,487 570,746 38,628 1,397,263	\$ 1,590,654 544,062 38,840 1,330,129
	\$ 3,598,124	\$ 3,503,685

GUTHRIE COUNTY HOSPITAL Other Professional Service Expenses Year ended June 30,

	2015	2014
Emergency Room Professional: Salaries and wages Employee benefits Professional fees Supplies and other expense	\$ 672,652 118,892 96,362 11,281 899,187	\$ 609,455 115,378 79,043 6,238 810,114
Laboratory: Salaries and wages Employee benefits Professional fees Supplies and other expense	237,529 71,889 1,531 350,301 661,250	268,018 89,104 1,706 319,265 678,093
Blood: Blood	46,197	29,701
Electrocardiology: Salaries and wages Employee benefits Supplies and other expense	21,573 10,942 <u>176</u> 32,691	9,727 3,521 329 13,577
Radiology: Salaries and wages Employee benefits Supplies and other expense	207,108 76,835 98,801 382,744	208,630 77,527 95,973 382,130
CT Scan: Salaries and wages Employee benefits Supplies and other expense	20,104 6,617 110,707 137,428	16,532 5,436 107,933 129,901
Ultrasound: Salaries and wages Employee benefits Supplies and other expense	8,553 3,653 <u>75,565</u> 87,771	8,103 3,183 54,206 65,492

(continued next page)

GUTHRIE COUNTY HOSPITAL Other Professional Service Expenses - Continued Year ended June 30,

	2015	2014	
Mammography: Salaries and wages Employee benefits Supplies and other expense	\$ 7,380 2,932 52,933 63,245	\$ 7,315 2,815 56,716 66,846	
Nuclear Imaging: Supplies and other expense	19,208	25,342	
MRI: Supplies and other expense	88,755	94,276	
Pharmacy: Salaries and wages Employee benefits Professional fees Drugs Supplies and other expense	331,590 90,511 23,695 280,255 40,284 766,335	311,468 88,211 22,135 191,310 34,375 647,499	
Anesthesia: Professional fees Supplies and other expense	166,170 942 167,112	173,970 1,840 175,810	
Respiratory Therapy: Salaries and wages Employee benefits Oxygen, supplies and other expense	81,320 16,301 72,277 169,898	105,161 26,426 68,732 200,319	
Speech Therapy: Salaries and wages Employee benefits Professional fees Supplies and other expense	2,931 396 8,376 1,555 13,258	20,410	
Physical Therapy: Salaries and wages Employee benefits Supplies and other expense	314,735 105,008 14,992 434,735	313,556 103,646 20,320 437,522	

(continued next page)

GUTHRIE COUNTY HOSPITAL Other Professional Service Expenses - Continued Year ended June 30,

		2015	2014	
Occupational Therapy: Professional fees Supplies and other expense		\$ 	\$ 47,200 212 47,412	
Medical Records: Salaries and wages Employee benefits Supplies and other expense		146,194 67,922 22,600 236,716	154,781 67,948 32,512 255,241	
Social Services: Salaries and wages Employee benefits Supplies and other expense		29,815 12,070 67 41,952	28,339 12,135 537 41,011	
Outpatient Clinics: Salaries and wages Employee benefits Professional fees Supplies and other expense		121,028 30,078 2,607 8,544 162,257	100,467 27,771 8,646 136,884	
Fitness Center: Salaries and wages Employee benefits Supplies and other expense		43,579 21,508 9,030 74,117	39,541 12,797 8,572 60,910	
Diabetic Education: Salaries and wages Employee benefits Supplies and other expense		12,153 2,046 2,231 16,430 \$ 4,501,286	15,771 2,745 227 18,743 \$ 4,337,233	
	SUMMARY			
Salaries and wages Employee benefits Professional fees Supplies and other expense		\$ 2,258,244 637,600 298,741 1,306,701	\$ 2,196,864 638,643 344,464 	
		\$ 4,501,286	\$ 4,337,233	
See Independent Auditor's Report.				

GUTHRIE COUNTY HOSPITAL Physician Services Expenses Year ended June 30,

		2015	2014
Physician Service: Salaries and wages Employee benefits Supplies and other expense		\$ 836,100 188,773 111,759 1,136,632	\$ 809,854 178,263 77,409 1,065,526
Nursing Service: Salaries and wages Employee benefits Medical supplies Supplies and other expense		127,539 47,359 39,828 37,215 251,941	133,112 44,024 40,613 43,577 261,326
Business Office: Salaries and wages Employee benefits Supplies and other expense		140,424 67,263 84,959 292,646	131,306 62,129 46,101 239,536
Occupancy Costs: Rent Utilities		5,301 30,880 36,181	5,543 33,712 39,255
Surgery Services: Salaries and wages Employee benefits Professional fees Supplies and other expense		39,744 15,214 292,831 33,813 381,602 \$ 2,099,002	43,100 14,410 303,660 25,969 387,139 \$ 1,992,782
	SUMMARY		
Salaries and wages Employee benefits Professional fees Supplies and other expense		\$ 1,143,807 318,609 292,831 343,755	\$ 1,117,372 298,826 303,660 272,924
		\$ 2,099,002	\$ 1,992,782

See Independent Auditor's Report.

GUTHRIE COUNTY HOSPITAL General Service Expenses Year ended June 30,

		2015	2014
Dietary: Salaries and wages Employee benefits Food Supplies and other expense		\$ 179,903 123,808 114,810 28,571 447,092	\$ 171,861 109,794 103,476 25,244 410,375
Operation of Plant: Salaries and wages Employee benefits Electricity Natural gas Supplies and other expense		171,296 52,719 144,225 66,747 116,497 551,484	199,239 56,377 158,069 82,076 91,558 587,319
Housekeeping: Salaries and wages Employee benefits Supplies and other expense		128,491 71,029 14,176 213,696	127,406 69,898 16,191 213,495
Laundry and Linen: Purchased services Supplies and other expense		17,020 175 17,195 \$ 1,229,467	12,675 1,246 13,921 \$ 1,225,110
	SUMMARY		
Salaries and wages Employee benefits Supplies and other expense		\$ 479,690 247,556 502,221	\$ 498,506 236,069 490,535
		\$ 1,229,467	\$ 1,225,110

GUTHRIE COUNTY HOSPITAL Fiscal and Administrative Service Expenses Year ended June 30,

	5 <u></u>	2015	_	2014	
Fiscal and Administrative: Salaries and wages Employee benefits Advertising Telephone Supplies and minor equipment Collection expense Computer maintenance Education and meetings Professional fees Printing and postage Purchased services Dues and subscriptions	\$ (402,455 164,015) 35,188 27,642 21,162 62,695 121,221 16,251 352,277 8,515 73,963 19,016 976,370	\$	565,869 204,158 30,128 28,672 22,857 44,598 100,157 27,666 230,674 4,984 69,276 18,669	
Admissions Office: Salaries and wages Employee benefits Supplies and other expense		70,866 39,226 5,012 115,104	_	75,435 36,804 5,482 117,721	
Information Systems: Salaries and wages Employee benefits Supplies and other expense	-	157,283 61,437 54,320 273,040		165,028 53,604 112,971 331,603	
Employee Welfare: Salaries and wages Employee benefits Group health and life benefit Workers' compensation insurance Unemployment expense Supplies and other expense	:=	110,201 32,249 85,314 68,869 8,035 43,901 348,569	-	102,163 30,658 77,265 88,950 12,344 62,082 373,462	
Insurance: Liability and property insurance	\$	102,994 1,816,077	\$	94,837 2,265,331	

(continued next page)

GUTHRIE COUNTY HOSPITAL Fiscal and Administrative Service Expenses - Continued Year ended June 30,

			2015	ē.	2014
	SUMMARY				
Salaries and wages Employee benefits Professional fees Supplies and other expense		\$	740,805 131,115 352,277 591,880	\$	908,495 503,783 230,674 622,379
		\$	1,816,077	\$	2,265,331
	SUMMARY OF EXPENSES	-			
Salaries and wages Employee benefits Professional fees Supplies and other expense		\$	6,214,033 1,905,626 982,477 4,141,820	\$	6,311,891 2,221,383 917,638 3,873,229
		\$	13,243,956	\$	13,324,141

GUTHRIE COUNTY HOSPITAL Comparative Statistics Year ended June 30,

	2015	2014	2013	_2012_	_2011_
Acute Care: Admissions	327	283	336	307	409
Discharges	329	278	330	307	407
Patient days	1,086	862	1,092	1,015	1,197
Average length of stay	3.30	3.10	3.31	3.31	2.94
Average occupied beds	3.0	2.4	3.0	2.8	3.3
Swing Bed Program: Admissions	125	130	152	140	182
Discharges	123	132	150	141	182
Patient days	818	799	901	966	1,156
Combined Average Occupied Beds	5.2	4.6	5.5	5.4	6.4
Outpatient Occasions of Service	35,795	35,524	37,334	35,075	34,368

GUTHRIE COUNTY HOSPITAL Comparative Statements of Net Position June 30,

	_	2015	_	Not Restated 2014
Current Assets: Cash Patient receivables, net Other receivables Inventory Prepaid expense Other current assets Estimated third-party payor settlements Succeeding year property tax receivable Internally designated assets Total current assets	\$	3,395,975 1,282,169 15,687 362,451 237,010 18,559 1,572,000 242,822 7,126,673	\$	1,441,006 1,509,792 20,187 334,430 256,458 20,373 14,100 1,538,000 242,447 5,376,793
Other Assets: Capital assets, net Notes receivable Other Total other assets	_	9,930,992 40,714 39,153 10,010,859	·	10,937,540 54,286 46,570 11,038,396
Deferred Outflows of Resources	_	458,436	_	
Total assets and deferred outflows of resources	\$	17,595,968	\$	16,415,189
Current Liabilities: Current maturities of long-term debt Accounts payable Accrued expenses Accrued interest Estimated third-party payor settlements Total current liabilities	\$	599,842 340,801 668,018 82 1,302,000 2,910,743	\$	595,924 453,021 639,278 146 1,688,369
Long-Term Liabilities: Long-term debt, net Net pension liability Total liabilities	_	2,070,588 3,608,795 8,590,126	_	2,670,431
Deferred Inflows of Resources		2,948,290		1,538,000
Net Position		6,057,552	_	10,518,389
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and net position	\$	17,595,968	\$	16,415,189

See Independent Auditor's Report.

		N	ot Restated		
	2013	-	2012	-	2011
\$	536,512	\$	1,939,153	\$	1,228,512
	1,979,001		1,308,606		1,461,186
	181,715		22,326		470,178
	304,675		310,851		294,031
	231,934		212,268		144,225
	20,541		22,008		23,128
	128,900		480,500		413,000
	1,539,000		1,529,000		1,430,000
_	244,241		241,842		243,116
	5,166,519		6,066,554		5,707,376
	11,668,217		10,825,265		11,070,142
	67,857		81,428		100,000
	53,987		61,404		68,820
	11,790,061		10,968,097		11,238,962
_				_	
\$	16,956,580	\$	17,034,651	\$	16,946,338
\$	599,636	\$	618,470	\$	510,000
	655,554		362,405		601,593
	621,962		565,688		566,920
	207		270		
_	1,877,359	_	1,546,833	-	1,678,513
	1,077,557		1,540,055		1,070,51.5
	3,266,354		3,865,991		3,997,500
	3,200,334		3,803,991		3,997,300
	5,143,713		5,412,824		5,676,013
	1,539,000		1,529,000		1,430,000
	10,273,867		10,092,827		9,840,325
					240104020
\$	16,956,580	\$	17,034,651	\$	16,946,338

GUTHRIE COUNTY HOSPITAL Comparative Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position Year ended June 30,

	2015	Not Restated 2014
Patient Service Revenue	\$ 16,927,744	\$ 15,753,472
Adjustments to Patient Service Revenue	(3,676,571)	(3,034,782)
Net Patient Service Revenue	13,251,173	12,718,690
Other Revenue	192,479	219,760
Total Revenue	13,443,652	12,938,450
Expenses	14,566,794	14,687,243
Operating Loss	(1,123,142)	(1,748,793)
Non-Operating Revenues, Net	1,499,204	1,469,474
Excess of Revenues Over Expenses (Expenses Over Revenues) Before Capital Grants and Contributions	376,062	(279,319)
Capital Grants and Contributions	6,570	523,841
Increase in Net Position	\$ 382,632	\$ 244,522

	Not Restated	
2013	2012	2011
\$ 15,841,890	\$ 15,076,192	\$ 14,454,119
(3,084,247)	(2,592,212)	(2,763,464)
12,757,643	12,483,980	11,690,655
188,059	189,792	201,746
12,945,702	12,673,772	11,892,401
14,763,174	13,776,651	12,938,786
(1,817,472)	(1,102,879)	(1,046,385)
1,449,571	1,349,838	1,288,757
(367,901)	246,959	242,372
548,941	5,543	761,621
\$ 181,040	\$ 252,502	\$ 1,003,993



Gronewold, Bell, Kyhnn & Co. P.C. CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS * BUSINESS AND FINANCIAL CONSULTANTS

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Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting
and on Compliance and Other Matters

Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with
Government Auditing Standards

To the Board of Trustees Guthrie County Hospital Guthrie Center, Iowa

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of Guthrie County Hospital, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Guthrie County Hospital's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated September 23, 2015.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Guthrie County Hospital's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Guthrie County Hospital's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Guthrie County Hospital's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. We did identify certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses that we consider to be significant deficiencies: 15-I-A.

To the Board of Trustees Guthrie County Hospital

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Guthrie County Hospital's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, non-compliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed instances of non-compliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses as item: 15-II-G.

Responses to Findings

Guthrie County Hospital's responses to the findings identified in our audit are described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses. Guthrie County Hospital's responses were not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on them.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

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Atlantic, Iowa

September 23, 2015

GUTHRIE COUNTY HOSPITAL

Schedule of Findings and Responses

Year ended June 30, 2015

PART I - SIGNIFICANT DEFICIENCIES

15-I-A Segregation of Duties: A limited number of people have the primary responsibility for most of the accounting and financial duties. As a result, some of those aspects of internal accounting control which rely upon an adequate segregation of duties are, for all practical purposes, missing in the Hospital. This deficiency is common among most small rural hospitals.

<u>Recommendation</u>: We recognize that it may not be economically feasible for the Hospital to employ additional personnel for the sole purpose of segregating duties, however, it is our professional responsibility to bring this control deficiency to your attention. We recommend that the Board be aware of the lack of segregation of duties and that they act as an oversight group to the accounting personnel.

<u>Response</u>: The Board is aware of this lack of segregation of duties, but it is not economically feasible for the Hospital to employ additional personnel for this reason. The Board will continue to act as an oversight group.

Conclusion: Response accepted.

PART II - OTHER FINDINGS RELATED TO REQUIRED STATUTORY REPORTING

- 15-II-A Certified Budget: Hospital expenditures during the year ended June 30, 2015 did not exceed the amount budgeted.
- <u>15-II-B Questionable Expenditures</u>: During the audit, we noted no expenditures for parties, banquets or other entertainment for employees or Board members.
- <u>15-II-C Travel Expense</u>: No expenditures of Hospital money for travel expenses of spouses of Hospital officials or employees were noted.
- <u>15-II-D Business Transactions</u>: No business transactions between the Hospital and Hospital officials or employees were noted.
- <u>15-II-E Board Minutes</u>: No transactions requiring Board approval were noted which had not been approved.
- 15-II-F Deposits and Investments: No instances of non-compliance with the deposit and investment provisions of Chapter 12B and 12C of the Code of Iowa and the Hospital's investment policy were noted.

GUTHRIE COUNTY HOSPITAL

Schedule of Findings and Responses - Continued

Year ended June 30, 2015

<u>PART II - OTHER FINDINGS RELATED TO REQUIRED STATUTORY REPORTING -</u> Continued

15-II-G Financial Condition: The Hospital has a deficit in unrestricted net position of \$1,440,962 at June 30, 2015 as a result of recording its share of the IPERS net unfunded pension liability.

<u>Recommendation</u>: The Hospital management should remain aware of this deficit, and its cause, and comply with IPERS plan to reduce the deficit over a period of years.

<u>Response</u>: The deficit was the result of recognizing the Hospital's proportionate share of IPERS' net pension liability. The Hospital realizes this liability is not due and payable immediately. Rather the pension liability will be paid down over a period of time with the Hospital's future employer share of IPERS contributions.

Conclusion: Response accepted.

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